



ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION HERMÈS INTERNATIONAL

This document is a free translation into English of the "Statuts", originally prepared in French, and has no other value than an informative one. Should there be any difference between the French and the English version, only the French language version shall be deemed authentic and considered as expressing the exact information published by Hermès".

updated following the decisions of the General Meeting on April 17, 2026



HERMÈS INTERNATIONAL
Limited partnership with shares
Head Office : 24, rue du Faubourg Saint-Honoré
75008 PARIS
572 076 396 RCS PARIS

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

updated following the decisions of the General Meeting on April 17, 2026

1 - Legal form

The Company is a *société en commandite par actions* (partnership limited by shares) between:

- ◆ its Limited Partners; and its
- ◆ Active Partner, Émile Hermès SAS, with registered office located at 23 rue Boissy-d'Anglas in Paris (75008). The Company is governed by the laws and regulations applicable to *sociétés en commandite par actions* (partnership limited by shares) and by these Articles of Association.

2 – Purpose

The Company's purpose, in France and in other countries, is:

- ◆ to acquire, hold, manage, and potentially sell direct or indirect equity interests in any legal entity engaged in the creation, production and/or sale of quality products and/or services, and, in particular, in companies belonging to the Hermès Group;
- ◆ to provide guidance to the Group it controls, in particular by providing technical assistance services in the legal, financial, corporate, and administrative areas;
- ◆ to develop, manage and defend all rights it holds to trademarks, patents; designs, models, and other intellectual or industrial property, and in this respect, to acquire, sell or license such rights;
- ◆ to participate in promoting the products and/or services distributed by the Hermès Group;
- ◆ to purchase, sell and manage all property and rights needed for the Hermès Group's business operations and/or for asset and cash management purposes; and
- ◆ more generally, to engage in any business transaction of any kind whatsoever in furtherance of the corporate purpose.

3 - Company name

The Company's name is "Hermès International".

4 - Registered office

The Company's registered office is located at 24, rue du Faubourg-Saint-Honoré, 75008 Paris, France.

It may be transferred:

- ◆ to any other location in the same department, by a decision of the Executive Management, subject to ratification of such decision at the next Ordinary General Meeting; and
- ◆ to any other location, by a decision of the Extraordinary General Meeting.

5 – Term

The Company will be dissolved automatically on 31 December 2090, unless it is dissolved previously or unless its duration is extended.



6 - Share capital - Contributions

6.1 - The share capital is **€53,840,400.12**.

It is made up of **105,569,412** shares, all of them fully paid up, which are apportioned among the shareholders in proportion to their rights in the Company.

6.2 -The Active Partner, Émile Hermès SAS, has transferred its business know-how to the Company, in consideration for its share of the profits.

7 - Increase and reduction of capital

7.1 -The share capital may be increased either by the issuance of ordinary shares or preference shares, or by increasing the par value of existing equity securities.

7.2 - The General Meeting, voting in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements stipulated by law, has the authority to decide to increase the share capital. It may delegate this authority to the Executive Management. The General Meeting that decides to affect a capital increase may also delegate the power to determine the terms and conditions of the issue to the Executive Management.

7.3 - In the event of a capital increase effected by capitalisation of sums in the share premiums, reserves or retained earnings accounts, the shares created to evidence the relevant capital increase shall be distributed only among the existing shareholders, in proportion to their rights to the share capital.

7.4 - In the event of a capital increase for cash, the existing share capital must first be fully paid up. The shareholders have preferential subscription rights, which may be waived under the conditions stipulated by law.

7.5 - Any contributions in kind or stipulation of special advantages made at the time of a capital increase are subject to the approval and verification procedures applicable to such contributions and instituted by law.

7.6 - The Extraordinary General Meeting, or the Executive Management when granted special authority for this purpose, and subject to protecting the rights of creditors, may also decide to reduce the share capital. In no event shall such a capital reduction infringe upon the principle of equal treatment of shareholders.

7.7 - The Executive Management has all powers to amend the Articles of Association as a result of a capital increase or reduction and to undertake all formalities in connection therewith.

8- Payment for shares

8.1 - Payment in consideration for newly created shares may be made in cash, including by set-off against liquid claims due by the Company; by contributions in kind; by capitalisation of reserves, earnings or share premiums; or as the result of a merger or demerger.

8.2 - Within the framework of resolutions adopted by the General Meeting, the Executive Chairman calls the funds required to pay for the shares.

Any late payment of amounts due for the shares shall automatically bear interest payable to the Company at the legal interest rate plus three percentage points, and no legal action or formal notice shall be required to collect such interest.

9 - Form of the shares

9.1 - All shares issued by the Company are in registered form until they have been fully paid up. Fully-paid up shares maybe in registered or bearer form, at the shareholder's discretion. They are registered on a securities account under the terms and conditions provided by law.



9.2 - The Company may, at any time, in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, request communication from the central custodian or any securities clearing organisation or authorised intermediary to enable it to identify the owners of securities giving immediate or future rights to vote at General Meetings, as well as the number of securities held by each such owner and any restrictions that may apply to the securities.

10 - Transfer of shares

Shares are freely transferable. Transfers are affected under the terms and conditions provided by law.

11 - Crossing of threshold disclosures

Any natural person or legal entity, acting alone and/or jointly, coming into possession, in any manner whatsoever, within the meaning of Articles L. 233-7 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*), of a number of shares representing 0.5% of the share capital and/or of the voting rights in General Meetings (or any multiple of this percentage), at any time, even after attaining one of the thresholds provided for by Articles L. 233-7 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*), must, within 5 stock market trading days from the date this threshold is exceeded, request the registration of their shares in nominative form. This nominative registration requirement applies to all shares already owned, as well as any that come into ownership beyond this threshold. A copy of the nominative registration application, sent by registered post with acknowledgement of receipt to the registered office within ten stock market trading days from the date on which the threshold is attained, shall constitute a declaration of attaining the ownership threshold in question. The registration requirement for securities also applies to any natural person or legal entity, acting alone and/or jointly, coming into possession, in any manner whatsoever according to the meaning of Articles L. 233-7 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*), of a number of shares representing 0.5% of the share capital and/or of the voting rights in General Meetings. These persons are given a period of twenty stock market trading days after the General Meeting on 29 May 2012 to comply with this obligation.

In the event of failure to comply with the above requirements, the shares that exceed the threshold subject to disclosure or having been subject to disclosure shall be disqualified from voting rights.

In the event of an adjustment, the corresponding voting rights can only be exercised once the period stipulated by law and current regulations has expired. Unless one of the thresholds covered by the aforementioned Article L. 233-7 is exceeded, this sanction shall be applied only at the request of one or several shareholders individually or collectively holding at least 0.5% of the Company's share capital and/or voting rights and duly recorded in the minutes of the General Meeting.

12 - Rights and obligations attached to the shares

12.1 - The shares are indivisible with regard to the Company. Co-owners of undivided shares must be represented with regard to the Company and at General Meetings by one of them only or by a single representative. In the event of a disagreement, their representative shall be appointed by the Court at the request of the co-owner who takes the initiative to refer this matter to the Court.

12.2 - Each share shall give the holder the right to cast one vote at General Meetings of shareholders. However, double voting rights are allocated to:

- ◆ any fully-paid up registered share which has been duly recorded on the books in the name of the same shareholder for a period of at least four years from the date of the first General Meeting following the fourth anniversary of the date when the share was registered on the books; and
- ◆ any registered share allotted for no consideration to a shareholder, in the event of a capital increase effected by capitalisation of sums in the share premiums, reserves or retained earnings accounts, in proportion to any existing shares which carry double voting rights.

The double voting right automatically ceases to exist in the conditions stipulated by law.



Voting rights attached to the shares are exercised by the bare owners at all General Meetings (ordinary, extraordinary or special meetings), save for decisions regarding the allocation of net income, in which case the usufructuary shall exercise the voting rights.

12.3 - Each share gives the holder a right of ownership in the Company's assets, its profits, and any winding-up surplus, in proportion to the percentage of ownership it represents.

All shares are of equal par value and are identical in all respects, except with respect to the date on which they are eligible for the dividend.

12.4 - Ownership of a share automatically entails compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and with resolutions duly adopted by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

12.5 - Whenever ownership of a certain number of shares is required in order to exercise any right whatsoever, owners of single shares, or with an insufficient number of shares, may only exercise such rights if they personally arrange to consolidate their shares, or arrange for the purchase or sale of a sufficient number of shares.

13 - Death. Legal prohibition. Personal bankruptcy. Insolvency. Receivership or compulsory liquidation of a partner

13.1 – Shareholders

The Company shall not be dissolved in case of the death, legal prohibition or personal bankruptcy of a shareholder, or due to the initiation of insolvency, receivership or compulsory liquidation proceedings against that shareholder.

13.2 - Active Partner

13.2.1 - In the event that an Active Partner should be prohibited by law from engaging in a business profession, or in the case of personal bankruptcy, or insolvency, receivership or compulsory liquidation proceedings should be initiated against them, such Active Partner shall automatically lose their status as Active Partner ipso jure; the Company shall not be dissolved. Neither shall the Company be dissolved if an Active Partner who is a natural person and who was appointed Executive Chairman ceases to hold this office.

If, as a result of this loss of status, the Company no longer has any Active Partners, a Shareholders' Extraordinary General Meeting must be called forthwith, either to appoint one or more new Active Partners, or to change the corporate form of the Company. Such change does not entail the creation of a new legal entity.

If an Active Partner loses their status as such, they shall have the right to receive their share of the Company's profits, pro-rated until the day such status is lost, in full settlement of all amounts due.

13.2.2 - The Company shall not be dissolved in the event of the death of an Active Partner. If, as a result of this death, the Company no longer has any Active Partners, a Shareholders' Extraordinary General Meeting must be called forthwith, either to appoint one or more new Active Partners, or to change the corporate form of the Company. Such change does not entail the creation of a new legal entity.

This also applies if the Company has only one Active Partner and if that Active Partner loses their status as such for any reason whatsoever.

The beneficiaries, heirs, or the surviving spouse, if any, of the deceased Active Partner shall have the right to receive the deceased Active Partner's share of the Company's profits, pro-rated until the day such status is lost, in full settlement of all amounts due.

14 - Responsibility and powers of the Active Partner

14.1 - Active Partners are jointly and severally liable for all the Company's debts, for an indefinite period of time.



14.2 - Each Active Partner has the power to appoint and revoke the appointment of any Executive Chairman, acting on the Supervisory Board's reasoned opinion under the conditions provided in the Article entitled "Executive Management".

Acting by unanimous consent, the Active Partners:

- ◆ take the following decisions for the Group, on the Supervisory Board's recommendation:
 - strategic options,
 - consolidated operating and investment budgets, and
 - decide on any proposal submitted to the General Meeting pertaining to the appropriation of share premiums, reserves or retained earnings;
- ◆ may formulate recommendations to the Executive Management on all issues of general interest to the Group;
- ◆ authorise any loans of Hermès International whenever the amount of such loans exceeds 10% of the amount of the consolidated net worth of the Hermès Group, as determined based on the consolidated financial statements drawn up from the latest approved accounts (the "Net Worth");
- ◆ authorise any sureties, endorsements or guarantees and any pledges of collateral and encumbrances on the Company's property, whenever the claims guaranteed amount to more than 10% of the Net Worth;
- ◆ authorise the creation of any company or the acquisition of an interest in any commercial, industrial or financial operation, movable or immovable property, or any other operation, in any form whatsoever, whenever the amount of the investment in question amounts to more than 10% of the Net Worth.

14.3 - In order to maintain its status of Active Partner, and failing which it will automatically lose such status ipso jure, Émile Hermès SAS must maintain in its Articles of Association clauses, in their original wording or in any new wording as may be approved by the Supervisory Board of the present Company by a three-quarters majority of the votes of members present or represented, stipulating the following:

- ◆ the legal form of Émile Hermès SAS is that of a *société par actions simplifiée à capital variable* (simplified joint stock company with variable capital);
- ◆ the exclusive purpose of Émile Hermès SAS is:
 - to serve as Active Partner and, if applicable, as Executive Chairman of Hermès International, potentially to own an equity interest in Hermès International, and
 - to carry out all transactions in view of pursuing and accomplishing these activities and to ascertain that any liquid assets it may hold are appropriately managed;
- ◆ only the following may be partners in Émile Hermès SAS, or, more generally, hold securities allowing them to become partners in Émile Hermès SAS:
 - descendants of Mr Émile-Maurice Hermès and his wife, born Julie Hollande, and
 - their spouses, but only as usufructuaries' of the shares; and
- ◆ each partner of Émile Hermès SAS must have deposited, or arrange to have deposited, shares in the present Company in the corporate accounts of Émile Hermès SAS in order to be a partner of this Company.

14.4 - Any Active Partner who is a natural person and who has been appointed to the office of Executive Chairman shall automatically lose their status as Active Partner immediately upon termination of their office of Executive Chairman for any reason whatsoever.

14.5 - All decisions of the Active Partners are recorded in minutes, which are entered in a special register.

15 - Executive Management

15.1 - The Company is administered by one or two Executive Chairmen, who may be, but are not required to be, Active Partners in the Company. If there are two Executive Chairmen, any provision of these Articles of Association mentioning "the Executive Chairman" shall apply to each Executive Chairman. The Executive Chairmen may act jointly or separately.

The Executive Chairman may be a natural person or a legal entity, which may be but is not required to be an Active Partner.



15.2 - The Executive Chairman's term of office is open-ended. During the Company's lifetime, the power to appoint an Executive Chairman is exclusively reserved for the Active Partners, acting on the Supervisory Board's recommendation. Each Active Partner may act separately in this respect.

15.3 - The appointment of an Executive Chairman is terminated in case of death, disability, legal prohibition, or due to the initiation of insolvency, receivership or compulsory liquidation proceedings against that Executive Chairman; if the appointment is revoked; if the Executive Chairman resigns; or when the Executive Chairman reaches the age of 75.

The Company shall not be dissolved if an Executive Chairman's appointment is terminated for any reason whatsoever. An Executive Chairman who wishes to resign must notify the Active Partners and the Supervisory Board thereof at least six months in advance, by registered post, unless each of the Active Partners, after soliciting the opinion of the Supervisory Board, has agreed to reduce this notice period.

An Executive Chairman's appointment can be revoked only by an Active Partner, acting on the Supervisory Board's reasoned opinion. In the event that the Supervisory Board recommends against revocation, the Active Partner in question must suspend its decision for a period of at least six months. At the end of this period, if it persists in its wish to revoke the appointment of the Executive Chairman in question, that Active Partner must again solicit the opinion of the Supervisory Board, and once it has obtained a favorable recommendation from the Board, it may revoke the appointment of that Executive Chairman.

16 - Authority of the Executive Management

16.1 - Relationships with third parties

Each Executive Chairman is invested with the broadest of powers to act on the Company's behalf, in all circumstances. They shall exercise these powers within the scope of the corporate purpose and subject to those powers expressly granted by law to the Supervisory Board and to Shareholders' General Meetings.

16.2 - Relationships among the partners

In relationships among partners, the Executive Management holds the broadest of powers to undertake all management acts, but only if such acts are in the Company's interests and subject to those powers granted to the Active Partners and to the Supervisory Board by these Articles of Association.

16.3 – Delegations

The Executive Chairman may, under their responsibility, delegate all powers as they see fit and as required for the proper operation of the Company and its Group.

They may issue a limited or unlimited blanket delegation of powers to one or more Executives of the Company, who then take on the title of Executive Vice-President.

17 - Compensation of the Executive Management

The Executive Chairman (or, where there is more than one, each Executive Chairman) shall have the right to receive compensation set by the Articles of Association and, potentially, additional compensation, the maximum amount of which shall be determined by the Ordinary General Meeting, with the approval of the Active Partner or, if there are several Active Partners, with their unanimous approval.

The gross annual compensation of the Executive Chairman (or, where there is more than one, of each Executive Chairman) for the financial year shall not be more than 0.20% of the Company's consolidated income before tax for the previous financial year.



However, if there are more than two Executive Chairmen, the combined total gross annual compensation of all Executive Chairmen shall not be more than 0.40% of the Company's consolidated income before tax for the previous financial year.

Within the maximum amounts set forth herein, the Executive Management Board of the Active Partner, Émile Hermès SAS, shall determine the effective amount of the annual compensation of the Executive Chairman (or, where there is more than one, of each Executive Chairman).

18 - Supervisory Board

18.1 - The Company is governed by a Supervisory Board consisting of three to fifteen members (not including employee representative members appointed pursuant to the conditions of Article 18.6 below), selected from amongst shareholders who are neither Active Partners, nor legal representatives of an Active Partner, nor Executive Chairman. When appointments to the Supervisory Board come up for renewal, the number of Supervisory Board members is fixed by a decision adopted by the Active Partners by unanimous vote.

Supervisory Board members may be natural persons or legal entities.

At the time of their appointment, legal entities must designate a permanent representative who is subject to the same terms, conditions and obligations and incurs the same liabilities as if they were a Supervisory Board member in their own name, without prejudice to the joint and several liability of the legal entity they represent. The permanent representative serves for the same term of office as the legal entity they represent.

If the legal entity revokes its representative's appointment, it is required to notify the Company thereof forthwith by registered post, and to state the identity of its new permanent representative. This requirement also applies in the event the permanent representative should die, resign, or become incapacitated for an extended period of time.

18.2 - Supervisory Board members are appointed or their terms are renewed by the Shareholders' Ordinary General Meeting. The Active Partners may, at any time, propose that one or more new Supervisory Board member(s) be nominated. Supervisory Board members are appointed for a term of three years.

As an exception to this rule, in order to ensure that one-third of the Supervisory Board members will stand for re-election each year, the General Meeting may decide to appoint one or more Board members for one or two years, and who may be designated by drawing lots, as necessary.

18.3 - No person over the age of 75 shall be appointed to the Supervisory Board if, as a result of such appointment, more than one-third of the Board members would be over that age.

18.4 - The appointments of Supervisory Board members can be revoked by a resolution adopted by the Ordinary General Meeting only for cause, on the joint recommendation of the Active Partners, acting by unanimous consent, and the Supervisory Board.

18.5 - In the event of a vacancy or vacancies caused by the death or resignation of one or more Supervisory Board members, the Supervisory Board may appoint an interim replacement member within three months as from the effective date of the vacancy.

However, if no more than two Supervisory Board members remain in office, the member or members in office, or, in their absence, the Executive Chairman, or in their absence, the Statutory Auditor or Auditors, shall immediately call a Shareholders' Ordinary General Meeting for the purpose of filling the vacancies to bring the number of Board members up to the required minimum.

18.6 - Where the provisions of Article L. 225-79-2 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*) are applicable to the Company, one or more members, natural persons, representing the Group's employees must be appointed under the conditions set by the above-mentioned article. The number of Supervisory Board members taken into account, when determining the number of employee representatives to be appointed to the Supervisory Board, is assessed on the date of appointment of the employee representatives. Neither the Supervisory Board members elected by the employees under Article L. 225-27 of the French Commercial Code



(*Code de commerce*), nor the employee shareholder Supervisory Board members appointed in accordance with Article L. 225-23 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*) are therefore taken into account.

The term of office for employee representative Supervisory Board members is indicated in Article 18.2 of the present Articles of Association.

A reduction to the number of Supervisory Board members, within the framework of the application of the provisions of Article L. 225-79-2 of the Commercial Code, will have no effect on the term of all Supervisory Board members representing the employees that will come to an end upon its normal expiry.

The Supervisory Board members representing the employees are appointed by the Company's Group Committee. The Supervisory Board members representing the employees must, at least two years beforehand, have signed an employment contract with the Company or one of its direct or indirect subsidiaries having its registered office in France or abroad. Notwithstanding the rule contained in Article 18.1 of the present Articles of Association, the Supervisory Board members representing the employees are not required to be shareholders.

18.7 - All Supervisory Board members must comply with the Supervisory Board rules of procedure.

19 - Deliberations of the Supervisory Board

19.1 - The Supervisory Board elects a Chairman, who is a natural person, and two Vice-Chairmen, from among its members.

It appoints a secretary who may be, but is not required to be, a Supervisory Board member.

If the Chairman is absent, the older of the two Vice-Chairmen acts as Chairman.

19.2 - The Supervisory Board meets when convened by its Chairman or by the Executive Management, whenever required for the Company's best interest but no less than twice per year, at the Company's registered office or at any other place specified in the notice of meeting.

Notices are served by any means providing legally valid proof in business matters, at least seven business days before the meeting. This period of time may be shortened by unanimous approval of the Chairman or a Vice-Chairman of the Supervisory Board, the Active Partners and the Executive Management.

Any member of the Supervisory Board may give a proxy to one of their colleagues to represent them at a Board meeting, by any means providing legally valid proof in business matters. Each member may hold only one proxy during a given meeting. These provisions are applicable to the permanent representative of a legal entity that is a member of the Supervisory Board.

The Supervisory Board is duly convened only if a quorum consisting of at least half of its members is present or represented.

Resolutions are adopted by a majority of the votes of members present or represented. However, the Supervisory Board must approve or reject any proposed new wording of certain clauses of the Articles of Association of Émile Hermès SAS by a three-quarters majority of members present or represented, in accordance with the stipulations of the Article entitled "Responsibilities and Powers of the Active Partners".

Supervisory Board members who participate in the meeting by video-conferencing or telecommunications means that enable them to be identified and effectively to participate in the meeting through the use of technology providing for continuous and simultaneous transmission of discussions are deemed to be present for purposes of calculating the quorum and majority, except at Supervisory Board meetings convened for the review and verification of the annual report and consolidated and parent company financial statements. The Supervisory Board defines the conditions and procedures for using video-conferencing or other telecommunications means when applicable. The Executive Management must be convened to Supervisory



Board meetings and may attend such meetings, but it does not have the right to participate in the discussion and to vote.

19.3 - The deliberations of the Supervisory Board are recorded in minutes, which are entered in a special initialed register and signed by the Chairman and the secretary.

20 - Authority of the Supervisory Board

20.1 - The Supervisory Board exercises ongoing control over the Company's management.

For this purpose, it has the same powers as the Statutory Auditors and receives the same documents that they do, at the same time. In addition, the Executive Management must submit a detailed report to the Supervisory Board on the Company's operations at least once a year.

20.2 - The Supervisory Board submits to the Active Partners its reasoned opinion:

- ◆ on the nomination and dismissal of any Executive Chairman of the Company; and
- ◆ in case of the Executive Chairman's resignation, on reducing the notice period.

20.3 - Each year, the Supervisory Board determines the proposed allocation of profits to be submitted to the General Meeting.

20.4 - The Supervisory Board approves or rejects any proposed new wording of certain clauses of the Articles of Association of Émile Hermès SAS in accordance with the stipulations of the Article entitled "Responsibilities and Powers of the Active Partners".

20.5 - The Active Partners must consult the Supervisory Board prior to taking any decisions concerning:

- ◆ strategic options;
- ◆ consolidated operating and investment budgets; and
- ◆ proposals to the General Meeting pertaining to the appropriation of share premiums, reserves or retained earnings.

20.6 - Each year, the Supervisory Board presents to the Shareholders' Annual Ordinary General Meeting a report in which it comments on the Company's management and draws attention to any inconsistencies or inaccuracies identified in the financial statements for the year.

This report, together with the Company's statement of financial position and a list of its assets and liabilities, is made available to the shareholders and may be consulted at the Company's registered office as from the date of the notice of the General Meeting.

The Supervisory Board may convene a Shareholders' General Meeting whenever it deems this appropriate.

The functions exercised by the Supervisory Board do not entail any interference with the Executive Management, or any liability arising from the management's actions or from the results of such actions.

21 - Joint Council of the Supervisory Board and Executive Management Board of the Active Partner

21.1 - The Executive Management of the Company or the Chairman of the Company's Supervisory Board shall convene a Joint Council meeting of the Supervisory Board and of the Active Partners whenever it is deemed necessary; for purposes of this Council, Émile Hermès SAS is represented by its Executive Management Board. Notices are served by any means providing legally valid proof in business matters, at least seven business days before the meeting. This period of time may be shortened by unanimous approval of the Chairman or a Vice-Chairman of the Supervisory Board and the Executive Chairman.

21.2 - The Joint Council meets at the place indicated in the notice of meeting. It is chaired by the Chairman of the Company's Supervisory Board, or, in their absence, by one of the Vice-Chairmen of the Company's Supervisory Board, or, in their absence, by the oldest Supervisory Board member present. The Executive



Chairman or, if the Executive Chairman is a legal entity, its legal representative or representatives, are convened to meetings of the Joint Council.

21.3 - The Joint Council has knowledge of all matters that it addresses or that are submitted thereto by the party who convened the Joint Council meeting, but does not, in the decision-making process, have the right to act as a substitute for those bodies to which such powers are ascribed by law or by the Articles of Association of the Company and of the Active Partner that is a legal entity.

At their discretion, the Supervisory Board and Active Partners may make all decisions or issue all recommendations within their jurisdiction in a Joint Council meeting.

22 - Compensation of the Supervisory Board

Supervisory Board members may receive annual compensation, the amount of which is determined by the Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders and shall remain unchanged until such time as a new resolution is adopted by the Meeting.

The Board apportions this compensation among its members as it sees fit.

23 - Statutory Auditors

The Company's financial statements are audited by one or more Statutory Auditors, under the terms and conditions provided by law.

24 - General Meetings of Shareholders

24.1 - General Meetings are convened under the conditions set by law.

They are held at the registered office or at any other place specified in the notice of meeting.

24.2 - The right to participate in General Meetings is subordinated to registered shares being entered in the Company's register or bearer shares being registered in a securities account opened with an authorized financial intermediary, in accordance with the terms and conditions provided for by the regulations in force. Shareholders owning bearer shares must obtain a shareholding certificate from the authorized financial intermediary evidencing the registration of their shares, which is attached to the postal vote or proxy form. All shareholders may cast their votes remotely or by proxy, under the conditions set forth in the applicable regulations.

On the Executive Management's decision, shareholders may vote by any telecommunication or remote transmission means, in accordance with the regulations applicable at the time of the decision. This option shall be indicated in the notice of meeting published in the *Bulletin des Annonces Légales Obligatoires (BALO)*. Votes cast by shareholders using the electronic ballot form provided on the website created by the meeting coordinator for this purpose are counted in the same way as votes cast by shareholders present or represented. The electronic ballot may be completed and signed directly on this site by any procedure approved by Executive Management and that complies with the conditions defined by Article L. 1316-4 of the French Civil Code (*Code civil*), since repealed pursuant to the Order of 10 February 2016, becoming Article 1367 of the French Civil Code, in the first sentence of sub-paragraph 2 (that is, by using a reliable identification procedure that guarantees that the signature is linked to the form), which may consist, inter alia of a login name and a password. Any proxies given or votes cast *via* this electronic means before the General Meeting, and the acknowledgements of receipt sent in response, will be deemed to be irrevocable instructions that are enforceable in every way, it being specified that in the event that shares are sold before the second business day preceding the General Meeting, at 12:00 midnight, Paris time, the Company will void or amend any proxy or voting instructions sent before that date accordingly. Persons invited by the Executive Chairman or by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board may also attend General Meetings. The Active Partners may attend General Meetings of Shareholders. Active Partners that are legal entities are represented by a legal representative or by any person, shareholder or otherwise, designated thereby.



24.3 - Meetings are chaired by the Chairman of the Supervisory Board or, in their absence, by one of the Vice-Chairmen of the Board, or in their absence, by the Executive Chairman.

24.4 - The Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings, duly convened in accordance with the conditions specified by law, carry out their responsibilities in accordance with the law.

24.5 - Except for resolutions pertaining to the nomination and revocation of Supervisory Board members, the nomination and revocation of the Statutory Auditors, the distribution of profits for the year and the approval of related-party agreements that are subject to shareholders' approval, no resolution adopted by the General Meeting shall be valid unless it is approved by the Active Partners no later than at the end of the General Meeting that voted on the relevant resolution. The Company's Executive Management has all powers to record such approval.

25 - Financial statements

Each financial year consists of 12 months, commencing on 1 January and ending on 31 December.

26 - Allocation and distribution of profits

The General Meeting approves the financial statements for the past year and duly notes the amount of distributable profits.

The Company pays 0.67% of the distributable profits to the Active Partners, at the time and place designated by the Executive Management, within nine months at most after the end of the financial year.

The Active Partners distribute this amount amongst themselves as they see fit.

The remaining distributable profits revert to the shareholders. Their appropriation is decided by the Ordinary General Meeting, on the Supervisory Board's recommendation. On the Supervisory Board's recommendation, the General Meeting may grant to each shareholder an option to receive payment for all or part of the dividend or interim dividend in cash or in shares, under the conditions set by law.

On the Supervisory Board's recommendation, the General Meeting may decide to draw from the balance of profits reverting to the shareholders the sums it deems appropriate to be allocated to shareholders' retained earnings or to be appropriated to one or more extraordinary, general or special reserve funds, which do not bear interest, and to which the Active Partners as such have no rights.

On the unanimous recommendation of the Active Partners, the reserve fund or funds may, subject to approval by the Ordinary General Meeting, be distributed to the shareholders or allocated to the partial or total amortization of the shares. Fully amortized shares shall be replaced by entitlement shares with the same rights as the former shares, with the exception of the right to reimbursement of capital.

The reserve fund or funds may also be incorporated into the share capital.

Dividends are payable at the times and places determined by the Executive Management within a maximum of nine months from the end of the financial year, unless this time period is extended by a court of law.

27 - Dissolution of the Company

At the end of the Company's lifetime or in the event of early dissolution, the General Meeting decides on the winding-up procedure and appoints one or several liquidators, whose powers are defined by the meeting and which carry out their responsibilities in accordance with the applicable laws.

Any liquidation proceeds (*boni de liquidation*) shall be distributed amongst the shareholders.